#### **OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS**

# REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Okemos Public Schools

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Okemos Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Okemos Public Schools' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Okemos Public Schools as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Okemos Public Schools' basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021, on our consideration of Okemos Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Okemos Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Okemos Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 20, 2021

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

This section of Okemos Public Schools' annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. A comparative analysis with the prior year has been provided.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

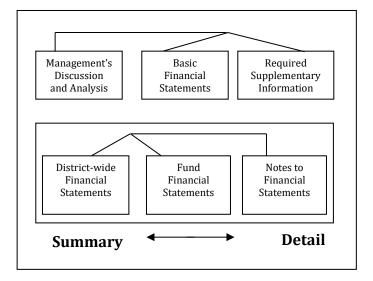
- > The District's financial status remained stable. The District's overall revenues were \$69.0 million dollars.
- > Total general fund revenues were \$56.5 million. Revenues for the 2020-2021 school year increased 5.7% from the previous year primarily due to an increase in blended student enrollment and other additional funding from the State of Michigan. Expenditures increased 1% over the same period due to slight increases in employee compensation and group health insurance costs as well as the corresponding increase in MPSERS expenditures.
- The District's enrollment decreased approximately 100 students in fiscal year 2020-21 as a result of the pandemic.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- > The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.
- > The *governmental funds* statements tell how *basic* services like regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

Figure A-1 Organization of Okemos Public Schools' Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year and pension information. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 Major Features of District-wide and Fund Financial Statements					
	District-wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements  Governmental Funds			
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.			
Required financial statements	* Statement of net position * Statement of activities	* Balance sheet * Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included			
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable			

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- > Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- > To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base, the condition of school buildings and other facilities and the long-term cash flow needs of the District.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state foundation aid finance most of these activities.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- ➤ The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like school lunch and student activities).

The District has one kind of fund:

➤ Governmental funds - All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position - The District's combined net position changed as follows:

Table A-3					
Okemos Public Schools' Net Position					
	2021	2020			
Current and other assets	\$ 33,761,681	\$ 33,504,585			
Capital and other non-current assets	54,545,777	52,101,041			
Total assets	88,307,458	85,605,626			
Deferred outflows	34,114,244	37,953,733			
Noncurrent liabilities	36,675,200	46,874,595			
Net pension liability	106,189,243	100,024,383			
Net OPEB liability	16,794,102	21,922,632			
Other liabilities	10,883,403	8,306,383			
Total liabilities	170,541,948	177,127,993			
Deferred inflows	16,916,787	15,515,802			
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	33,304,867	35,155,981			
Restricted for debt service	32,474	-			
Restricted for capital projects - sinking fund	1,582,331	750,187			
Unrestricted	(99,956,705)	(104,990,604)			
Total net position	\$ (65,037,033)	\$ (69,084,436)			

Table A-4			
Changes in Okemos Public Schools	' Ne	t Position	
		2021	2020
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$	1,571,658	\$ 3,725,446
Operating grants and contributions		11,674,420	9,759,853
General revenues			
Property taxes		20,355,194	19,602,175
State aid - unrestricted		30,667,117	29,033,696
Ingham ISD		4,460,176	4,029,384
Investment and other		226,308	 981,630
Total revenues		68,954,873	67,132,184
Expenses		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 , ,
Instruction		38,735,897	39,818,410
Support services		19,043,312	19,447,416
Community services		2,096,931	2,569,334
Food services		1,452,549	2,086,768
Student/school activities		276,124	650,790
Athletics		758,788	852,193
Interest on long-term debt		562,407	2,474,344
Unallocated depreciation		1,981,462	 1,779,185
Total expenses		64,907,470	69,678,440
Change in net position	\$	4,047,403	\$ (2,546,256)

#### **District Governmental Activities**

The overall stability of the District's financial position can be credited to a focus on controlling expenditures, while attempting to limit impact on K-12 programming. It can further be attributed to the District's "balanced" approach of reducing expenditures, increasing revenue, seeking collaborative cost sharing, and annual assessment of general fund balance level to responsibly manage the District's finances. The District continued to monitor its financial status throughout the fiscal year, and made necessary adjustments to various opportunities faced by the District during 2020-2021.

- ➤ The District continued to remain fiscally responsible, initiating prudent budget decisions resulting in balanced or better operating results. In the end, the District's unassigned fund balance increased to 11.6% of expenditures at June 30, 2021 in the General Fund.
- ➤ One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student enrollment. Prior to last year, the District was experiencing consistent annual growth. However, due to the Pandemic, enrollment decreased by approximately 100 students in 2020-21. The District is continuously monitoring enrollment for the upcoming school year and will make staffing and non-staffing adjustments to accommodate student needs.
- Employee bargaining groups continued to work with the District in a positive and collaborative manner. Due to the uncertainty with the State budget and a potential for over a \$600 proration at the time of negotiations, no immediate wage increases were bargained for 2020-2021. Rather, there was the potential of receiving adjustments based on the November 2020 budget revision. At that time, if revenues exceeded expenses, employees who were eligible for steps could realize an advancement and those not eligible for steps could realize a ½% increase. As a result of the strategic method of negotiations, the District and the bargaining units were able to position the District favorably regardless of the outcome of the State budget. At the time of the November 2020 budget revision staff realized increases in their wages.
- ➤ The District maintained rental agreements of its facilities for 2020-2021. Most notably, continuation of the agreement with Community Mental Health Authority of Clinton-Ingham Counties for lease of Wardcliff Elementary building (closed in 2011). The District also maintains space agreements with Ingham Intermediate School District, allowing them to rent the former community education building as well as office space for county wide speech and language services. Both entities exercised their rights mid-way through the school year to end their respective lease. The District generated approximately \$87,000 in 2020-2021 however, this revenue will no longer continue in 2021-2022. The District is determining what the best using of those facilities will be moving forward.
- ➤ The District's food service program continues to operate efficiently. While the District ended two of their four food service management agreements the school lunch operation was still able to contribute \$80,000 to the District's General Fund balance while maintaining a fund balance of roughly \$683,000.

As a result of a continued emphasis on conservative management and control of expenditure levels throughout the District, the positive impact on the general fund balance in 2020-2021 exceeded the Board adopted budget. The District is acutely aware of past and possible future economic restraints facing Michigan and school funding and has planned and reorganized in anticipation of possible funding shortfalls.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,934,739, a decrease of \$2,334,362 compared to the ending funding balance of \$25,269,101 as of June 30, 2020.

#### **General Fund Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget twice. These budget amendments are:

- ➤ Revisions to the budget were approved in November 2020 to reflect the actual enrollment counts, finalized State determined per pupil funding allowance as well as other State and Federal funding due to COVID. The revisions also reflected other changes in assumptions since the original budget was adopted including actual reflection of health insurance premium increases; finalization of staffing; adjustment of wages; adjustment of supply and textbook budgets (based on enrollments); and adjustments which reflect spending trends due to starting the year virtually. Further revisions were made to the General Fund budget in May 2021 which more accurately reflect the impact of COVID on the budget. Revenues (Federal, State and Local) and expenditures were adjusted, resulting in net changes to the November, 2020 Board adopted budget.
- The District's final budget for the general fund anticipated an operating surplus of \$2,093,928, the actual results were a surplus of \$2,844,465. The additional surplus was primarily due additional expenditure savings and a higher than anticipated number of students allowed under section 23a.
- The District invested approximately \$6.2 million in capital assets during 2020-2021, including school building repairs and improvements, machinery and equipment, computer equipment and vehicles. Total depreciation expense for the year amounted to approximately 3.7 million.

Table A-5 Okemos Public Schools' Capit	al A	ssets		
		2021	1	2020
Land and land improvements	\$	7,425,930	\$	7,749,093
Building and improvements		42,645,759		39,692,597
Equipment and furniture		3,714,918		4,016,600
Transportation equipment		759,170		642,751
Total - net of accumulated depreciation	\$	54,545,777	\$	52,101,041

The District's fiscal year 2021-22 capital expenditures budget anticipates spending approximately \$1,100,000. \$450,000 is estimated to be spent on replacement of the Chippewa tennis courts and \$503,000 is estimated for electrical upgrades throughout the District. These projects are funded through the District's Building and Site Sinking fund. In addition, the District will continue projects, such as common area restroom renovations, air conditioning upgrades, tennis court resurfacing, and auditorium stage floor replacement, in relation to the May 2019 bond election.

#### **Long-term Debt**

At June 30, 2021 the District had approximately \$36 million in long-term obligations outstanding - a decrease of 20.3% from last year due to paying down existing bonded debt. In 2021, the District continued borrowing from the School Loan Revolving Fund. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.)

Table A-6 Okemos Public Schools' Long-term Obligations				
	2021	2020		
Bond and related debt	\$ 20,918,718	\$ 32,983,453		
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	12,044,919	9,108,152		
Compensated absences and other benefits	2,734,511	2,724,329		
Total	\$ 35,698,148	\$ 44,815,934		

#### **SUMMARY**

The District has maintained a proactive approach to the control of expenditures and the enhancement of revenues. As a result, the financial status of the District remained stable throughout the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- ➤ District operations is reliant on state funding as over 65% of total general fund revenue is from state per pupil funding. The foundation allowance approved by the legislature for 2021-2022 closed the funding gap between districts and set the minimum foundation allowance at \$8,700 per pupil. The District will experience a \$171 increase in per pupil funding.
- ➤ The significant enrollment growth of almost 700 students for the District over the previous 8 years was interrupted by the impact of COVID with a loss of over 100 students for the 2020-21 school. COVID continues to have an impact in our community. While the District is optimistic students will return, no change from prior year enrollment was included in the 2021-22 budget as a conservative measure. Enrollment will continue to be closely monitored and budget adjustments for enrollment will only be made when actual numbers are known.
- In May 2021, the District passed a new Sinking Fund with overwhelming support from the community. The millage rate of 0.9919 mills does not increase with the new Sinking Fund, rather, the District will be able to expand the use of proceeds to include school security improvements and for the acquisition or upgrading of technology.
- ➤ Overall, the 2021-2022 General Fund original budget projected a decrease in fund balance of \$1,255,824 bringing the ending fund balance at June 30, 2022 to 10.51%. Following the ending results of FY 2020-2021, the ending fund balance is now projected to be closer to 11.80%.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Director of Finance's Office, Okemos Public Schools, 4406 North Okemos Road, Okemos, Michigan 48864.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,762,548
Investments	4,981,244
Receivables	
Intergovernmental	7,836,066
Property taxes and other receivables	63,580
Inventories	6,456
Prepaids	570,997
Restricted investments capital projects fund	12,540,790
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,353,355
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	50,192,422
TOTAL ASSETS	88,307,458
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to other postemployment benefits	8,992,370
Related to pensions	25,121,874
notation to positions	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	34,114,244
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	1,870,396
Accrued salaries and related items	3,560,772
Accrued retirement	2,507,116
Accrued interest	156,461
Unearned revenue	1,988,658
Note payable	800,000
Noncurrent liabilities	4 5 45 000
Due within one year	4,545,889
Due in more than one year	31,152,259
Net pension liability	106,189,243
Net other postemployment benefits liability	16,794,102
Accrued interest payable - school loan revolving fund	977,052
TOTAL LIABILITIES	170,541,948
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to other postemployment benefits	12,532,689
Related to pensions	311,099
Related to state aid funding for pension	4,072,999
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,916,787
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	33,304,867
Restricted for debt service	32,474
Restricted for capital projects (sinking fund)	1,582,331
Unrestricted	(99,956,705)
omesareteu	(77,730,703)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (65,037,033)

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Progr	ram Revenues	Governmental Activities Net (expense) Revenue and
		Charges for	Operating grants	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	and contributions	Net Position
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 38,735,897	\$ -	\$ 8,158,245	\$ (30,577,652)
Support services	19,802,100	216,904	2,057,351	(17,527,845)
Community services	2,096,931	945,055	-	(1,151,876)
Food services	1,452,549	409,699	1,250,587	207,737
Student/school activities	276,124	-	208,237	(67,887)
Interest and fees on long-term debt	562,407	-	-	(562,407)
Unallocated depreciation	1,981,462	_		(1,981,462)
Total governmental activities	\$ 64,907,470	\$ 1,571,658	\$ 11,674,420	(51,661,392)
General revenues				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				9,253,045
Property taxes, levied for debt service				9,736,457
Property taxes, levied for capital projects				1,365,692
State sources - unrestricted				30,667,117
Ingham ISD special educational allocation				4,460,176
Investment earnings				92,131
Other				134,177
Total general revenues				55,708,795
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				4,047,403
NET POSITION, beginning of year				(69,084,436)
NET POSITION, end of year				\$ (65,037,033)

#### OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	2019 Capital Projects Fund	1993 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,998,325	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,764,223	\$ 7,762,548
Investments	3,618,031	· -	· -	1,363,213	4,981,244
Receivables	-,,-			,,	, ,
Property taxes and other receivables	63,580	-	_	-	63,580
Intergovernmental	7,683,290	-	_	152,776	7,836,066
Due from other funds	· · ·	139,043	-	44,750	183,793
Inventories	766	-	-	5,690	6,456
Prepaids	570,997	-	-	-	570,997
Restricted investments capital projects fund		12,540,790			12,540,790
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 17,934,989	\$ 12,679,833	\$ -	\$ 3,330,652	\$ 33,945,474
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items Accrued retirement Due to other funds Unearned revenue Note payable	\$ 852,063 3,558,161 2,506,432 162,778 1,862,247 800,000	\$ 957,106 - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 61,227 2,611 684 21,015 126,411	\$ 1,870,396 3,560,772 2,507,116 183,793 1,988,658 800,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,741,681	957,106		211,948	10,910,735
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Inventories	766	-	-	5,690	6,456
Prepaids	570,997	-	-	-	570,997

2019 Capital 1993 Debt Total Nonmaj <u>General Fund</u> <u>Projects Fund</u> <u>Service Fund</u> <u>Funds</u>	or Governmental Funds
FUND BALANCES (continued)	
Restricted for:	
Debt service \$ - \$ - \$ 188,95	
Food service 678,02	
Capital projects - sinking fund 1,582,33	
Capital projects - school improvements - 11,722,727 -	- 11,722,727
Committed for student/school activities 570,2	7 570,217
Assigned for:	0.0540
Capital projects 93,5	,
Curriculum 44,550	- 44,550
Subsequent years expenditures 1,255,824	- 1,255,824
Unassigned 6,221,171	- 6,221,171
TOTAL FUND BALANCES 8,093,308 11,722,727 - 3,118,70	4 22,934,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES \$ 17,934,989 \$ 12,679,833 \$ - \$ 3,330,65	
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 22,934,739
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions  Deferred outflows of resources - related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources - related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources - related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources - related to state pension funding  Deferred inflows at June 30, 2021 expected to be collected after September 1, 2021  100,000	70 19) 19) 19) 10
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	17,297,457
Cost of the capital assets 134,334,60 Accumulated depreciation (79,788,82)	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds:	2 3,2 23,1 1
Bonds and other long-term obligations	(32,963,637)
Compensated absences and other benefits	(2,734,511)
Net pension liability	(106,189,243)
Net OPEB liability	(16,794,102)
Accrued interest is not included as a liability in governmental funds, it is recorded when paid:	
Accrued interest	(1,133,513)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (65,037,033)

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	General Fund	2019 Capital Projects Fund	1993 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 9,253,045	\$ -	\$ 9,598,582	\$ 1,503,567	\$ 20,355,194
Community service	945,055	-	-	-	945,055
Intermediate district	4,485,428	-	-	-	4,485,428
Investment earnings	6,701	83,321	1,266	843	92,131
Food service sales	-	-	-	650	650
Athletics	177,925	-	-	-	177,925
Student/school activity income	-	-	_	208,237	208,237
Other	160,619			12,537	173,156
Total local sources	15,028,773	83,321	9,599,848	1,725,834	26,437,776
State sources	39,271,207	-	43,118	110,539	39,424,864
Federal sources	2,242,601	-	-	1,146,133	3,388,734
Incoming transfers and other transactions	<u> </u>			409,049	409,049
Total revenues	56,542,581	83,321	9,642,966	3,391,555	69,660,423
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	34,477,380	_	_	-	34,477,380
Support services	17,738,683	_	-	-	17,738,683
Community services	1,955,747	-	-	-	1,955,747
Payments to other public schools	14,799	-	-	-	14,799
Food service	, -	-	-	1,391,019	1,391,019
Student/school activities	-	-	-	276,124	276,124
Capital outlay	-	5,782,085	-	562,718	6,344,803

	General Fund	2019 Capital Projects Fund	1993 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
EXPENDITURES (continued)					·
Debt service			<b>+</b> 4 440 000	+ 1 <b></b> 000	+ 000000
Principal repayment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,612,823	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 3,362,823
Interest	-	-	8,347,177	1,035,750	9,382,927
Miscellaneous			1,169	661	1,830
Total expenditures	54,186,609	5,782,085	9,961,169	5,016,272	74,946,135
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,355,972	(5,698,764)	(318,203)	(1,624,717)	(5,285,712)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from the school loan revolving fund Transfers in Transfers out	512,562 (24,069	- - )	846,756 - (703,816)	2,104,594 734,706 (519,383)	2,951,350 1,247,268 (1,247,268)
Total other financing sources (uses)	488,493		142,940	2,319,917	2,951,350
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,844,465	(5,698,764)	(175,263)	695,200	(2,334,362)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year	5,248,843	17,421,491	175,263	2,423,504	25,269,101
End of year	\$ 8,093,308	\$ 11,722,727	\$ -	\$ 3,118,704	\$ 22,934,739

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds	\$ (2,334,362)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different	
because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of	
activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	(2.710.704)
Depreciation expense	(3,719,794)
Capital outlay	6,164,530
Accrued interest on bonds and other debt is recorded in the statement of activities	
when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid: Accrued interest payable, beginning of the year	2,229,560
Accrued interest payable, end of the year	(1,133,513)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to	(1,133,313)
governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither	
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds	
report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued,	
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The	
effect of these differences is the treatment of long-term debt and related items	
and are as follows:	(0.054.050)
Proceeds from school loan revolving fund	(2,951,350)
Payment on debt principal Payment on debt accretion on capital appreciation bonds	3,377,406
Amortization of bond premium	8,347,177 976,858
Current year accretion on bonds	(622,123)
Revenue is recorded on the accrual method in the statement of activities; in the	(022,123)
governmental funds it is recorded on the modified accrual method and not	
considered available:	
Unavailable revenue, beginning of the year	(100,000)
Unavailable revenue, end of the year	100,000
Compensated absences and other benefits are reported on the accrual method in the	
statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are	
used in the governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences and other benefits, beginning of the year	2,724,329
Accrued compensated absences and other benefits, end of the year	(2,734,511)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Other postemployment benefits items	2,401,743
Pension related items	(7,972,997)
Restricted revenue reported in the governmental funds that is deferred to offset	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
the deferred outflows related to section 147c pension contributions subsequent to	
the measurement period:	
Change in state aid funding for pension	(705,550)
	<u> </u>
Change in not negition of governmental activities	¢ 4047402
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,047,403

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Description of Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### **Reporting Entity**

Okemos Public Schools (the "District") is governed by the Okemos Public Schools Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, the District's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

#### Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following <u>major</u> governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The 1993 debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on the 1993 long-term general obligation debt.

The 2019 capital projects fund accounts for the debt proceeds received in June 2019 and the acquisition of fixed assets related to technology, transportation, and overall school improvement.

The 2019 capital projects fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the Revised School Code.

Beginning with the year of bond issuance, the District has reported the annual construction activity in the *2019* capital projects fund. The projects for which the 2019 bonds were issued were ongoing as of June 30, 2019 and the cumulative revenues and expenditures recognized for the construction period were as follows:

	2019 Capital Projects Fund	
Revenue and other financing sources	\$	25,376,919
Expenditures and outgoing transfers	\$	13,654,192

#### Other Nonmajor Funds

The *special revenue funds* account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The District accounts for its food service and student/school activities in the special revenue funds.

The *debt service funds* account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *capital projects sinking fund* accounts for the receipt of property taxes and the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for the receipt of local funding that will be used for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)**

Sinking Fund - The Okemos Public Schools capital project fund records capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212(l) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 01-95.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

#### **Budgetary Information**

#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting:**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue funds. The capital projects fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The District does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### **Budgetary Information (continued)**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting (continued):

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- d. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- e. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one was approved prior to year ended June 30, 2021. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of 3 months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Investments

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

*Investments (continued)* 

- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transportation vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 2 years. Group purchases are evaluated on a case by case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Land is not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives
Land improvements	10 - 27.5 years
Building and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 - 20 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20 years
Computers and equipment	5 - 10 years
Transportation equipment	5 - 10 years

#### Defined Benefit Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

#### Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The second and third items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary. The last item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from receipts that are received after 60 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

#### Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

In the computation of net investment in capital assets, the school loan revolving fund principal proceeds of \$12,044,919 are considered capital-related debt. Accrued interest on the school loan revolving fund of \$977,052 is not considered capital related debt.

#### Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:

Fund	Mills
General fund:	
Non-Principal Residence Exemption (PRE)	18.0000
Commercial Personal Property	6.0000
Debt service fund:	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	7.0000
Capital projects fund (Sinking Fund):	
PRE, Non-PRE, Commercial Personal Property	0.9861

#### Compensated Absences

The District's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary and related benefits, where applicable.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (continued)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following deposits and investments subject to the following risks

**Custodial credit risk - deposits**. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2021, \$7,884,368 of the District's bank balance of \$8,134,368 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the year was \$7,762,548.

**Custodial credit risk - investments**. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

**Interest rate risk.** In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

**NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)** 

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (years)
U.S. Treasury Notes MILAF External Investment pool - CMC MILAF External Investment pool - Max	\$ 2,235,577 4,854,982 10,431,475	0.1322 N/A N/A
Total Fair Value	\$ 17,522,034	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.1322

1 day maturity equals approximately .0027 years.

**Concentration of credit risk**. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Standard & Poor's Rating	Rating Agency
MILAF External Investment pool - CMC MILAF External Investment pool - Max U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 4,854,982 10,431,475 2,235,577	AAAm AAAm AA+	Standard & Poor's Standard & Poor's Standard & Poor's
Total fair value	\$ 17,522,034		

**Foreign currency risk**. The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

**Fair value measurement**. The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

				Balance at
				June 30,
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2021
Investments by fair value level				
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 2,235,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,235,577

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included money market funds. One of the pooled investment funds utilized by the District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF funds are considered external investment pools as defined by the GASB and as such are recorded at amortized cost which approximate fair value. The MILAF (MAX Class) fund requires notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. These funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures.

	Amortizeu
	Cost
MILAF External Investment pool - CMC	\$ 4,854,982
MILAF External Investment pool - Max	10,431,475
	\$ 15,286,457

Amortizad

#### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

The carrying amount of deposits and investments are as follows:

Investments	\$ 17,522,034
Deposits	
	\$ 25,284,582

The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments restricted for capital projects fund	\$ 7,762,548 4,981,244 12,540,790
	\$ 25,284,582

#### **NOTE 3 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES**

Intergovernmental receivables as of June 30, 2021 consist of the following:

State aid - Michigan Department of Education	\$ 7,388,588
Federal	268,626
Intermediate school district and other	178,852
Total	\$ 7,836,066

Amounts due from other governmental units include amounts due from federal, state and local sources for various projects and programs.

No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

**NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS** 

A summary of changes in the District's capital assets follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2021
A		Hadrions	Beletions	
Assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 4,353,355	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,353,355
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	11,677,057	-	-	11,677,057
Building and improvements	85,838,925	4,934,624	-	90,773,549
Furniture and fixtures	7,541,309	-	-	7,541,309
Machinery and equipment	4,420,363	86,920	-	4,507,283
Computers and equipment	12,404,054	841,258	-	13,245,312
Transportation equipment	2,179,483	301,728	(244,476)	2,236,735
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	124,061,191	6,164,530	(244,476)	129,981,245
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	8,281,319	323,163	-	8,604,482
Building and improvements	46,146,328	1,981,462	-	48,127,790
Furniture and fixtures	7,178,064	42,049	-	7,220,113
Machinery and equipment	3,664,841	185,596	-	3,850,437
Computers and equipment	9,506,221	1,002,215	-	10,508,436
Transportation equipment	1,536,732	185,309	(244,476)	1,477,565
Total accumulated depreciation	76,313,505	3,719,794	(244,476)	79,788,823
Net capital assets, being				
depreciated	47,747,686	2,444,736	-	50,192,422
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 52,101,041	\$ 2,444,736	\$ -	\$ 54,545,777

Depreciation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 amounted to \$3,719,794. The District allocated depreciation to the various activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 286,076
Support	1,446,321
Community service	5,935
Unallocated	1,981,462
	\$ 3,719,794

## NOTE 5 - NOTE PAYABLE - STATE AID ANTICIPATION NOTE

At June 30, 2021, the District has issued a state aid anticipation note payable of \$4,000,000. The note had an interest rate of 0.7% and matured in July 2021. Proceeds of the note were used to fund school operations. The note is secured by the full faith and credit of the District as well as pledged state aid. The note required payments to an irrevocable set-aside account of \$3,200,000 at June 30, 2021. In an event of a default on the note, the state may impose a penalty interest rate and at the state's discretion, accelerate the repayment terms. Activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

]	Balance						]	Balance	
Jul	ly 1, 2020	 Additions	_	Payments			June 30, 2021		
\$	200,000	\$ 4,000,000		\$	(3,400,000)		\$	800,000	

#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction and improvement of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

The following is a summary of governmental long-term obligations for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Compensated Absences and Other Benefits		General Obligation Bonds		Bor	s from Direct rowings and ct Placements	Total		
Balance July 1, 2020 Additions Deletions	\$	2,724,329 10,182	\$	32,983,453 622,123 (12,686,858)	\$	9,108,152 2,951,350 (14,583)	\$ 44,815,934 3,583,655 (12,701,441)		
Balance, June 30, 2021		2,734,511		20,918,718		12,044,919	35,698,148		
Due within one year		(145,889)		(4,400,000)			(4,545,889)		
Due in more than year	\$	2,588,622	\$	16,518,718	\$	12,044,919	\$ 31,152,259		

## **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

Long-term obligations currently outstanding is as follows:

## **General Obligation Bonds**

2019 Building and site bond due in annual installments of \$4,400,000 to \$5,090,000 through May 1, 2025 with interest at 5%.	\$ 18,965,000
Premium on bonds	1,953,718
Total general obligation debt  Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	20,918,718
Borrowing from the State of Michigan under the School Loan Revolving Fund, with interest at 3.00% at June 30, 2021.	12,044,919
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	12,044,919
Total general obligation bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	32,963,637
Obligation under contract for compensated absences and other benefits.	2,734,511
Total general long-term obligations	\$ 35,698,148

## **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

Borrowing from the State of Michigan - The school loan revolving fund (SLRF) payable represents notes payable to the State of Michigan for loans made to the school district, as authorized by the State of Michigan Constitution, for the purpose of paying principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the school district issued for capital expenditures. Interest rates are to be annually determined by the State Administrative Board. Interest rates of 3.00% for the SLRF notes have been assessed at June 30, 2021. Repayment is required when the millage rate necessary to cover the annual bonded debt services falls below 7.0 mills. The District is required to levy 7.0 mills and repay to the state any excess of the amount levied over the bonded debt service agreements. The District currently levies 7.0 debt mills. Due to the variability of the factors that affect the timing of repayment, including the future amount of state-equalized value of property in the school district, no provision for repayment has been included in the following amortization schedule. The state may apply a default late charge on the note if the District does not make the repayments or apply the default late charge if the District fails to levy the appropriate debt mills. The state may also withhold state aid payments if the District is in default.

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021, including interest payments are as follows:

			Notes from Direct Borrowings and							
	 General Obli	gatio	n Bonds		Direct Pla	acen	nents		mpensated osences and	
Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		her Benefits	Total
2022	\$ 4,400,000	\$	948,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,348,250
2023	4,620,000		728,250		-		-		-	5,348,250
2024	4,855,000		497,250		-		-		-	5,352,250
2025	5,090,000		254,500		_				-	5,344,500
	18,965,000		2,428,250		-		-		-	21,393,250
Premium on bonds	1,953,718		-		-		-		-	1,953,718
Compensated absences and other benefits School loan	-		-		-		-		2,734,511	2,734,511
revolving fund	-		-		12,044,919		977,052		-	13,021,971
	\$ 20,918,718	\$	2,428,250	\$	12,044,919	\$	977,052	\$	2,734,511	\$ 39,103,450

### **NOTE 7 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Interfund payable and receivable balances at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Receivable Fur	nd		Payable Fund					
Food Service Fund 2019 Capital Projects fund 2019 Debt Retirement	\$	44,749 139,043 1	General Fund Student/School Activities Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	162,778 9,912 11,103			
	\$	183,793		\$	183,793			

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting systems, and (3) payments between funds are made.

#### NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, re-codified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	<u>Plan Status</u>
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

#### Benefits Provided - Pension

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

#### Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

## Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## Pension Reform 2012 (continued)

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

 $\underline{\text{Option 1}}$  - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- ➤ Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- > Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transient date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 3 - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

### Pension Reform 2012 (continued)

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: The Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

## Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

## Benefits Provided - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

## Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012 (continued)

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

## Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60<sup>th</sup> birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

#### **Member Contributions**

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the Defined Contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

## **Employer Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020 were determined as of the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2017 are amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2038.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Employer Contributions (continued)**

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 8.09%
October 1, 2020 - September 30, 2021	13.39% - 19.78%	7.57% - 8.43%

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$9,323,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$9,080,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$243,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$2,537,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$2,378,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$159,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Related to Pensions

#### Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	Se	ptember 30, 2020	Sej	ptember 30, 2019
Total pension liability	\$	85,290,583,799	\$	80,442,507,212
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	50,939,496,006	\$	50,325,869,388
Net pension liability	\$	34,351,087,793	\$	33,116,637,824
Proportionate share		0.30913%		0.30204%
Net pension liability for the District	\$	106,189,243	\$	100,024,383

## **NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,052,863.

At June 30, 2021, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Change of assumptions	\$ 11,766,792	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	446,160	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,622,485	226,645
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,678,707	84,454
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	8,607,730	
	\$ 25,121,874	\$ 311,099

\$8,607,730, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ending September 30,	Amount
	2021	\$ 7,326,062
	2022	5,108,065
	2023	2,843,168
	2024	925,750

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

#### **OPEB Liabilities**

The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-university Employers	Se	ptember 30, 2020	Sep	otember 30, 2019
Total other postemployment benefit	\$	13,206,903,534	\$	13,925,860,688
Plan fiduciary net position	\$	7,849,636,555	\$	6,748,112,668
Net other postemployment benefit liability	\$	5,357,266,979	\$	7,177,748,020
Proportionate share		0.31348%		0.30542%
Net other postemployment benefit liability for the District	\$	16,794,102	\$	21,922,632

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$24,083.

At June 30, 2021, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Defei	rred
	Outflows of		Inflov	vs of
	Resour	Resources		ırces
Changes of assumptions	\$ 5,537	,349	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	140	,166		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	12,51	3,176
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,144	,122	1	19,513
Reporting Unit's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,170	,733_		
	\$ 8,992	,370	\$ 12,53	32,689

\$2,170,733, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Amount
2021	\$ (1,565,940)
2022	(1,369,873)
2023	(1,103,031)
2024	(910,015)
2025	(762,193)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

**Investment Rate of Return for Pension** - 6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus groups and 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for Pension Plus 2 Plan.

**Investment Rate of Return for OPEB** - 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

**Salary Increases** - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation - 3.0%.

#### **Mortality Assumptions:**

*Retirees*: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

*Active*: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

*Disabled Retirees*: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

**Experience Study** - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2019. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Investments - The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

**Cost of Living Pension Adjustments** - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rate for Other Postemployment Benefit** – 7.0% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

## Additional Assumptions for Other Postemployment Benefit Only - Applies to Individuals Hired Before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2020 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
		<b>Expected Real</b>
	Target	Rate of
Investment Category	Allocation	Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.00%	5.6%
International Equity Pools	15.00%	7.4%
Private Equity Pools	16.00%	9.3%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.00%	4.9%
Fixed Income Pools	10.50%	0.5%
Absolute Return Pools	9.00%	3.2%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.50%	6.6%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.00%	-0.1%
	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Long term rate of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.1% inflation.

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

**Rate of Return** - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.37% and 5.24% respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

**Pension Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**OPEB Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80% (6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 137,443,961	\$ 106,189,243	\$ 80,286,048

## NOTE 8 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions (continued)**

**Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** -The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit									
	_1	% Decrease	1	% Increase						
Reporting Unit's proportionate of the										
net other postemployment benefit										
liability	\$	21,573,933	\$	16,794,102	\$	12,769,885				

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0% (decreasing to 3.5%), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit									
	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase							
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability	\$ 12,615,805	\$ 16,794,102	\$ 21,546,399							

## Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

**Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan** - At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

#### **NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District believes such amounts, if any, would be immaterial.

### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. With regard to injuries to employees, the District participates in an association of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring workers disability compensation. The association is considered a public entity risk sharing pool. The District pays annual premiums to the association for its workers' disability compensation coverage. In the event the association's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceeded the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the difference. The association maintains reinsurance for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage being unlimited. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required. This program is recorded in the general fund. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance.

Self-funded dental and vision insurance programs were approved by the Board of Education and implemented for support personnel. All plans have limits on amounts for expenditures that will be reimbursed. This program is recorded in the general fund. Any liability for incurred and unreported claims is not considered material.

Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past 3 years have been immaterial.

### **NOTE 11 - TRANSFERS**

The food service fund transferred \$80,000 to the general fund for indirect cost expenditure reimbursement. The energy initiative fund transferred \$432,562 to the general fund for capital expenditure reimbursement. The general fund and sinking fund transferred \$24,069 and \$6,821, respectively, to the capital projects fund for capital expenditures. The 1993 debt service fund was closed out and transferred \$703,816 to the 2019 debt service fund.

## **NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to year-end, the District approved borrowing \$13,150,000 to replace the School Loan Revolving Fund as described in Note 6. The 2021 refunding bond is dated August 19, 2021 with a maturity date of May 11, 2025. The stated interest rate is 0.69%.

#### **NOTE 13 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

The District is required to disclose significant tax abatements as required by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatements*.

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions, Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) granted by cities, villages and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties; PILOT programs apply to multiple unit housing for citizens of low income and the elderly. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

Municipality	Tax	es Abated
Meridian Township	\$	59,544

The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage is considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act.

#### NOTE 14 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for the District's 2022 year end. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES Local sources \$ 16,515,483 \$ 14,976,460 \$ 15,028,773 \$ 52,313 State sources 35,448,029 38,783,792 39,271,207 487,415 Federal sources 444,742 2,423,745 2,242,601 (181,144)  Total revenues 52,408,254 56,183,997 56,542,581 358,584  EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Basic programs 27,209,555 28,002,612 27,987,951 14,666 Added needs 6,581,732 6,816,819 6,489,429 327,396	l
State sources       35,448,029       38,783,792       39,271,207       487,413         Federal sources       444,742       2,423,745       2,242,601       (181,144)         Total revenues       52,408,254       56,183,997       56,542,581       358,584         EXPENDITURES       Current       Instruction       358,584	
Federal sources         444,742         2,423,745         2,242,601         (181,14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-1	
Total revenues 52,408,254 56,183,997 56,542,581 358,584  EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Basic programs 27,209,555 28,002,612 27,987,951 14,666	
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Basic programs 27,209,555 28,002,612 27,987,951 14,66	14)
Current         Instruction         Basic programs       27,209,555       28,002,612       27,987,951       14,66	34_
Instruction Basic programs 27,209,555 28,002,612 27,987,951 14,66	
Basic programs 27,209,555 28,002,612 27,987,951 14,66	
Added needs 6,581,732 6,816,819 6,489,429 327,390	51
	<del>)</del> 0
Total instruction 33,791,287 34,819,431 34,477,380 342,05	51
Supporting services	<u>/ I </u>
Pupil 3,389,812 3,337,441 3,295,165 42,270	76
Instructional staff 2,348,837 2,548,132 2,530,048 18,08-	
General administration 536,892 558,203 603,619 (45,41)	
School administration 2,871,449 3,039,058 3,064,279 (25,22)	
Business 740,206 738,368 709,221 29,14'	
Operations and maintenance 3,962,836 4,641,672 4,631,694 9,978	
Transportation 1,128,432 903,864 861,897 41,96	
Central 1,147,903 1,395,088 1,276,367 118,72	
Athletics 787,281 793,329 766,393 26,930	
707,201 773,327 700,373 20,730	<u>,,,                                  </u>
Total supporting services 16,913,648 17,955,155 17,738,683 216,475	72
Community services 2,370,093 1,844,553 1,955,747 (111,194	94)
Payments to other public schools 13,057 14,799 14,799	
Total expenditures 53,088,085 54,633,938 54,186,609 447,324	29
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (679,831)         1,550,059         2,355,972         805,913	13
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in 543,869 543,869 512,562 (31,30)	
Transfers out (24,069) (24,069)	<u> 59)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses) 543,869 543,869 488,493 (55,376)	76)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ (135,962) \$ 2,093,928 2,844,465 \$ 750,53	37
FUND BALANCE	_
Beginning of year 5,248,843	
End of year \$ 8,093,308	

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Reporting Unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.30913%	0.30204%	0.29781%	0.29446%	0.28402%	0.27502%	0.26922%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension	\$ 106,189,243	\$ 100,024,383	\$ 89,526,314	\$ 76,307,692	\$ 70,861,622 \$	67,174,817 \$	59,299,481
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,818,733	\$ 26,737,156	\$ 25,503,566	\$ 25,027,904	\$ 24,336,762 \$	22,962,203 \$	22,692,532
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net pension as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	381.72%	374.10%	351.03%	304.89%	291.17%	292.55%	261.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability (Non-university employers)	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The District presents information for those years for which information is available.

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

	2021	2021 2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 9,079,868	\$	8,356,210	\$	7,889,595	\$	7,849,263	\$	6,885,428	\$	6,193,998	\$	4,935,873
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	9,079,868		8,356,210		7,889,595		7,849,263		6,885,428		6,193,998		4,935,873
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,770,543	\$	27,754,219	\$	26,507,293	\$	25,450,771	\$	25,807,538	\$	23,952,924	\$	22,692,073
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.70%		30.11%		29.76%		30.84%		26.68%		25.86%		21.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

## IICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Reporting Unit's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.31348%	0.30542%	0.29991%	0.29436%
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 16,794,102	\$ 21,922,632	\$ 23,839,817	\$ 26,066,532
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,818,733	\$ 26,737,156	\$ 25,503,566	\$ 25,027,904
Reporting Unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	60.37%	81.99%	93.48%	104.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (Non-university employers)	59.44%	48.48%	42.95%	36.39%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The District presents information for those years for which information is available.

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DETERMINED AS OF THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30)

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$	2,377,660	\$ 2,356,668	\$ 2,182,909	\$ 2,217,970
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions		2,377,660	2,356,668	2,182,909	 2,217,970
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Reporting Unit's covered-employee payroll	\$	27,770,543	\$ 27,754,219	\$ 26,507,293	\$ 25,450,771
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.56%	8.49%	8.24%	8.71%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District presents information for those years for which information is available.

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## **NOTE 1 - PENSION INFORMATION**

Benefit changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2020.

Changes of assumptions - there were no changes of assumptions in 2020.

## **NOTE 2 - OPEB INFORMATION**

Benefit changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2020.

Changes of assumptions - the assumption changes for 2020 were:

Healthcare cost trend rate decreased to 7.00% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15 from 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 12.

## ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES JUNE 30, 2021

		Special	Rever	nue					
	Service			Student/ School Activities Fund		Nonmajor debt service funds		Nonmajor Capital ojects Funds	Total Nonmajor Funds
								-,	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governments	\$	617,645 - 152,776	\$	581,286 - -	\$	188,934	\$	376,358 1,363,213	\$ 1,764,223 1,363,213 152,776
Due from other funds Inventories		44,749 5,690		- -		1	,	-	44,750 5,690
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	820,860	\$	581,286	\$	188,935	\$	1,739,571	\$3,330,652
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related items Accrued retirement Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	7,443 2,611 684 - 126,411	\$	1,157 - - 9,912	\$	- - - -	\$	52,627 - - 11,103	\$ 61,227 2,611 684 21,015 126,411
TOTAL LIABILITIES		137,149		11,069				63,730	211,948
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable Inventories Restricted for: Debt service Capital projects - sinking fund		5,690		-		- 188,935 -		- 1,582,331	5,690 188,935 1,582,331
Food service Committed for: Student/school activities Assigned for:		678,021		- 570,217		-		-	678,021 570,217
Capital projects		-		-				93,510	93,510
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		683,711		570,217		188,935		1,675,841	3,118,704
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	820,860	\$	581,286	\$	188,935	\$	1,739,571	\$3,330,652

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue				
	Food	Student/	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Total
	Service	School	Debt	Capital	Nonmajor
DEVENUES	Fund	Activities Fund	Service Funds	Projects	Funds
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137,875	\$ 1,365,692	\$ 1.503.567
Property taxes Investment earnings	<b>.</b>	<b>5</b> -	\$ 137,875 26	\$ 1,365,692 817	\$ 1,503,567 843
Food service sales	650	-	20	01/	650
Student/school activity income	-	208,237	_	_	208,237
Other	_	200,237	-	12,537	12,537
Total local sources	650	208,237	137,901	1,379,046	1,725,834
State sources	104,454		•	6,085	110,539
Federal sources	1,146,133		_	0,003	1,146,133
Incoming transfers and other	409,049	_	_	_	409,049
-					
Total revenues	1,660,286	208,237	137,901	1,385,131	3,391,555
EXPENDITURES					
Food service	1,391,019	-	-	-	1,391,019
Student/school activities	-	276,124	-	-	276,124
Capital outlay	-	-	-	562,718	562,718
Debt service:					
Principal repayment	-	-	1,750,000	-	1,750,000
Interest expense	-	-	1,035,750	-	1,035,750
Miscellaneous		-	661		661
Total expenditures	1,391,019	276,124	2,786,411	562,718	5,016,272
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	269,267	(67,887)	(2,648,510)	822,413	(1,624,717)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from the school loan revolving fund	_	-	2,104,594	-	2,104,594
Transfers in	-	-	703,816	30,890	734,706
Transfers out	(80,000)			(439,383)	(519,383)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(80,000)	-	2,808,410	(408,493)	2,319,917
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	189,267	(67,887)	159,900	413,920	695,200
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year	494,444	638,104	29,035	1,261,921	2,423,504
End of year	\$ 683,711	\$ 570,217	\$ 188,935	\$ 1,675,841	\$ 3,118,704

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

					То	tals
		Capital				_
	Pro	jects Fund	Si	nking Fund	2021	2020
ASSETS	ф	104 (12	ф	274 745	ф 2 <b>7</b> 62 <b>5</b> 0	ф 200.220
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	104,613	\$	271,745	\$ 376,358	\$ 388,339
Investments		-		1,363,213	1,363,213	562,637
Due from other funds				<u>-</u>		355,967
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	104,613	\$	1,634,958	\$ 1,739,571	\$ 1,306,943
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	52,627	\$ 52,627	\$ 45,022
Due to other funds		11,103		-	11,103	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,103		52,627	63,730	45,022
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		-		1,582,331	1,582,331	750,187
Assigned		93,510		-	93,510	511,734
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		93,510		1,582,331	1,675,841	1,261,921
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	<b>ታ</b>	104 (12	ф	1 (24 050	¢ 1 720 E71	¢ 1206042
FUND BALANCE	<b></b>	104,613	\$	1,634,958	\$ 1,739,571	\$ 1,306,943

# OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Tot	als	
	Сар	ital Projects Fund	Si	nking Fund	2021		2020
REVENUES Local sources Property taxes Investment earnings	\$	- 89	\$	1,365,692 728	\$ 1,365,692 817	\$	1,324,343 11,483
Other		12,537		-	12,537		1,740
Total local sources		12,626		1,366,420	1,379,046		1,337,566
State sources				6,085	6,085		6,626
Total revenues		12,626		1,372,505	1,385,131		1,344,192
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		29,178		533,540	 562,718		1,512,430
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(16,552)		838,965	822,413		(168,238)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of assets		30,890 (432,562)		- (6,821) -	30,890 (439,383)		355,769 - 183,454
Total other financing sources (uses)		(401,672)		(6,821)	(408,493)		539,223
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(418,224)		832,144	413,920		370,985
FUND BALANCES Beginning of year		511,734		750,187	1,261,921		890,936
End of year	\$	93,510	\$	1,582,331	\$ 1,675,841	\$	1,261,921

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Retirement
	2021	2020
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 188,934 1	\$ 29,035 -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 188,935	\$ 29,035
FUND BALANCES Restricted for debt service	_\$ 188,935	\$ 29,035

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2019 Debt Retirement				
		2021		2020	
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$	137,875	\$	1,344,140	
Investment earnings		26		1,317	
Total local sources		137,901		1,345,457	
EXPENDITURES					
Principal retirement		1,750,000		1,250,000	
Interest		1,035,750		930,462	
Miscellaneous		661		639	
Total expenditures		2,786,411		2,181,101	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		_		_	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,648,510)		(835,644)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from the school loan revolving fund		2,104,594		864,679	
Transfers in		703,816			
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,808,410		864,679	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		159,900		29,035	
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning of year		29,035			
End of year	\$	188,935	\$	29,035	

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT BONDED DEBT SERVICE - PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Date	Na	ame		Kind				Original Issue			
06/10/19	2019 School burbonds	l building and site  General obligation \$21,965,000				General obligation					
Purpose:	equipping and fur improvements; ere School; acquiring,	nishing and re-fur ecting, furnishing, a installing and equip	s will be used for the purpose of remodeling, ead re-furnishing school buildings, including for aishing, and equipping additions to Bennett Wound equipping or re-equipping school buildings bool buses; and preparing, developing and im					ool security Elementary instructional			
Debt Service				Intere	st Du	e					
Fiscal Year June 30th	Interest Rate	Principal Due May 1		May 1	N	ovember 1		Total			
2022 2023 2024 2025	5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00%	\$ 4,400,000 4,620,000 4,855,000 5,090,000	\$	474,125 364,125 248,625 127,250	\$	474,125 364,125 248,625 127,250	\$	5,348,250 5,348,250 5,352,250 5,344,500			
		\$ 18,965,000	\$	1,214,125	\$	1,214,125	\$	21,393,250			

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT SCHOOL LOAN REVOLVING FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts needed for the payment of bond principal and interest in excess of receipts from property taxes are borrowed from the Michigan School Loan Revolving Fund. These loans, together with accrued interest payable thereon, are to be repaid when the debt retirement millage rate provides funds in excess of the amounts needed to pay current bond maturities and interest. The borrowings from the State under this program have been summarized as follows:

	School Loan Revolving Fund (SLRF)						
Year Ending June 30,	Loan Proceeds	Accrued Interest	Loan Balance (net change)				
·							
2015	\$ 370,777	\$ 3,404	\$ 374,181				
2016	1,839,078	23,560	1,862,638				
2017	1,253,575	78,980	1,332,555				
2018	1,765,989	122,871	1,888,860				
2019	1,624,685	191,703	1,816,388				
2020	2,239,465	246,947	2,486,412				
2021	2,951,350	309,587	3,260,937				
Total June 30, 2021	\$ 12,044,919	\$ 977,052	\$ 13,021,971				

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Gra	proved nt Award mount	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 7/1/2020	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Michigan Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster									
Non-cash assistance (donated foods) National School Lunch Program									
Entitlement Bonus	10.555	N/A N/A	\$	94,170 1,688	\$ - -	\$ 99,798 -	\$ 94,170 1,688	\$ 94,170 1,688	\$ - -
Total Non-Cash Assistance		,	•	95,858	-	99,798	95,858	95,858	-
Cash Assistance COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	200902		42,716	42,716	212,242		42,716	
Total CFDA #10.555				138,574	42,716	312,040	95,858	138,574	
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	210904 200900		871,319 169,823	-		871,319 169,823	790,887 169,823	80,432
Total CFDA #10.559			1	1,041,142			1,041,142	960,710	80,432
Total cash assistance			1	1,083,858	42,716	212,242	1,041,142	1,003,426	80,432
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1	1,179,716	42,716	312,040	1,137,000	1,099,284	80,432

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 7/1/2020	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	211530-2021 201530-1920	\$ 116,288 188,828	\$ - 30,368	\$ - 188,828	\$ 46,610	\$ 36,654 30,368	\$ 9,956 
Total CFDA #84.010			305,116	30,368	188,828	46,610	67,022	9,956
Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	210520-2021 200520-1920	59,192 72,810	16,342	72,810	59,192	44,131 16,342	15,061
Total CFDA #84.367			132,002	16,342	72,810	59,192	60,473	15,061
Title III, Part A - Language Instruction for Immigrant Students Title III, Part A - Language Instruction for Immigrant Students	84.365	210580-2021 200580-1920	74,731 52,295	13,057	22,132	21,716 7,963	21,020	21,716
Total CFDA #84.365			127,026	13,057	22,132	29,679	21,020	21,716
Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	210750-2021 200750-1920	13,682 13,771	1,148	13,771	13,682	13,682 1,148	<u>-</u>
Total CFDA #84.424			27,453	1,148	13,771	13,682	14,830	
Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I)	84.425D	203710-1920	154,537	-	-	150,431	123,368	27,063
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II)	84.425D	213712-2021	175,179			92,032		92,032
Total CFDA #84.425D			329,716			242,463	123,368	119,095

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 7/1/2020	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (unearned) Revenue 6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Education (continued) Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District								
Special Education Cluster Special Education - Preschool	84.173	200460-1920	\$ 25,893	\$ 25,893	\$ 25,893	\$ -	\$ 25,893	\$ -
Special Education - Preschool		210460-2021	17,455			17,455		17,455
Total CFDA #84.173			43,348	25,893	25,893	17,455	25,893	17,455
Special Education - Flowthrough Special Education - Flowthrough	84.027	190450-1819 200450-1920	2,320 4,911	2,320	2,320	4,911	2,320	4,911
Total CFDA #84.027			7,231	2,320	2,320	4,911	2,320	4,911
Total Special Education Cluster			50,579	28,213	28,213	22,366	28,213	22,366
Total Passed through Ingham Intermediate School District			50,579	28,213	28,213	22,366	28,213	22,366
Total U.S. Department of Education			971,892	89,128	325,754	413,992	314,926	188,194
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Allegan Area Education Service Agency Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2021	17,103			17,103	17,103	
Passed through Michigan Department of Education	73.770	2021	17,103	· <del></del>	<del></del>	17,103	17,103	
COVID - 19 Child Development & Care Block Grant - CCDF Cluster	93.575	2020	130,500	130,500	130,500		130,500	
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed through Michigan Department of Education COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Funds COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Funds	21.019	11(p)	1,614,326	-	-	1,614,326	1,614,326	-
		103(2)	56,824			56,824	56,824	
Total Passed through Michigan Department of Education			1,671,150	· <del></del>		1,671,150	1,671,150	
Passed through MAISA/Copper County ISD COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Funds -								
MiConnect Connectivity Funding	21.019	N/A	50,408	·		50,408	50,408	
Total CFDA #21.019			1,721,558			1,721,558	1,721,558	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			1,721,558	·		1,721,558	1,721,558	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 4,020,769	\$ 262,344	\$ 768,294	\$ 3,289,653	\$ 3,283,371	\$ 268,626

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Okemos Public Schools under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Okemos Public Schools, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Okemos Public Schools.

The District qualifies for low-risk auditee status. Management has utilized the Cash Management System (CMS) and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Okemos Public Schools has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## **NOTE 3 - RECONCILING WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements:

General fund	\$ 2,242,601
Other nonmajor governmental fund	1,146,133
Total federal revenue in the fund financial statements	3,388,734
Less: Federal assistance funding not subject to single audit act	(99,081)
Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 3,289,653



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Okemos Public Schools

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Okemos Public Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Okemos Public Schools' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Okemos Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Okemos Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Okemos Public Schools' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Okemos Public Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 20, 2021

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Okemos Public Schools

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Okemos Public Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Okemos Public Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Okemos Public Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Okemos Public Schools' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Okemos Public Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our unmodified opinion on compliance for major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Okemos Public Schools' compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Okemos Public Schools complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Okemos Public Schools is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Okemos Public Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Okemos Public Schools' internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 20, 2021

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## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

**Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results** 

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodified	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	XNo
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes	XNo
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Fed	eral Program or Cluster
21.019	Corona	avirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000	_
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	XYes	No
Section II - Financial Stat	ement Findings	
None		
Section III - Federal Award Findin	gs and Question	ed Costs
None		

## OKEMOS PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no audit findings in either of the prior two years.